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1 Section 40.100.070 is amended, as follows:
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Basin plan	"Basin plan" means a stormwater management plan adopted by the board and meeting the requirements of RCW 36.94.
Best management practices (BMP) manuals	"Best management practice (BMP) manuals" means <u>the</u>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stormwater Management Manual for the Puget Sound Basin, (Washington Department of Ecology, February 1992) Stormwater Facility Maintenance Manual (Clark County Public Works, July 2000); • Stormwater Facility Maintenance Manual (Clark County Public Works, July 2000); • Stormwater Pollution Control Manual— Best Management Practices for Business and Government Agencies (Clark County Environmental Services Division, November 2000); and <p>Updated errata sheets issued by the director as may be necessary to correct clear and obvious mathematical and technical errors in manual criteria.</p>
Class V stormwater injection well	"Class V injection well" or "Class V stormwater injection well" means a drywell used for collection of stormwater, an infiltration trench or a buried distribution system.
Drainage project	"Drainage project" means the excavation or construction of pipes, culverts, channels, embankments or other flow-altering structures in any stream, stormwater facility or wetland in Clark County.
Impervious surace	"Impervious surface" means a hard surface area that either prevents or retards the entry of water into the soil. Examples include, but are not limited to, structures, walkways, patios, driveways, carports, parking lots or storage areas, concrete or asphalt paving, gravel roads, packed earthen materials, haul roads and soil surface areas compacted by construction operations, and oiled or macadam surfaces. Open, uncovered stormwater facilities are not considered impervious surfaces.
Large parcel development	"Large parcel development", when referring to stormwater and erosion control, means: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The creation or addition of five thousand (5,000) or more square feet of new impervious area; or • Land-disturbing activities of one (1) acre or more; provided that the construction of individual detached single family residences and duplexes shall be treated as small parcel developments.
Peak discharge	"Peak discharge" means the maximum stormwater runoff

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	rate in cubic feet per second determined for the design storm.
Project engineer	"Project engineer", when referring to stormwater, means a registered professional engineer, licensed in the state of Washington, experienced and knowledgeable in the practice of civil engineering related to stormwater runoff control and treatment, who is responsible for design and the preparation of stormwater plans and the erosion control plans.
Redevelopment	"Redevelopment", when referring to stormwater, means on an already developed parcel, the creation or addition of impervious surfaces, structural development including construction, installation or expansion of a building or other structure, and/or replacement of impervious surface (excluding the replacement of roofs) that is not part of a routine maintenance activity; and land-disturbing activities associated with structural or impervious redevelopment.
Regional facility	"Regional facility", when referring to stormwater, means a facility designed to treat and control stormwater runoff from a contributing drainage area of at least forty (40) acres.
Roof downspout systems	"Roof downspout systems" mean disposal systems that infiltrate stormwater runoff from roofs into the ground and meet the requirements stated in Section 40.380.040(4) for these systems.
Small parcel development	"Small parcel development", when referring to stormwater and erosion control, means: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction of individual, detached, single-family residences and duplexes; or • Creation or addition of less than five thousand (5,000) square feet of impervious surface area; and Land-disturbing activities of less than one (1) acre.
Small residential project	"Small residential project", when referring to stormwater and erosion control, means a single-family residential short plat or subdivision of four (4) lots or less.
Source control BMP	"Source control BMP" means a BMP that is intended to prevent pollutants from entering stormwater. A few examples of source control BMPs are erosion control practices, maintenance of stormwater facilities, constructing roofs over storage and working areas, and directing wash water and similar discharges to the sanitary sewer or a dead end sump.
Stormwater utility	"Stormwater utility" means a publicly owned utility responsible for stormwater control in a basin and established pursuant to RCW 36.89 or 36.94 and in

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	accordance with the BMP manual.
Sub-regional facility	"Sub-regional facility", when referring to stormwater, means a facility designed to treat and control stormwater runoff from more than one (1) development in a contributing drainage area of less than forty (40) acres.
Vegetation removal	"Vegetation removal", when referring to stormwater or erosion control regulations, means the removal of ground cover, trees, or root systems that bind the soil.

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